

Development of the Geoid-Ellipsoid Separations Model

$$H = h - N$$

H = orthometric height
 h = ellipsoidal height
 N = ellipsoid-geoid separation

Objectives :

to determine the values of orthometric heights by means of the GPS measurements.

DATA USED FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE MODEL :

- GPS stations network
- State leveling network

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Development of the Geoid-Ellipsoid Separations Model in Israel

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Survey of Israel

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Orthometric Heights Network

Count of Benchmarks 1 – 3 classes : 5081

Count of Benchmarks that have ellipsoidal heights : 684



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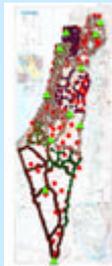
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Count of points in the net : 895



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Construction of the Geoid-Ellipsoid Surface

The surface constructed on the basis of 684 stations

Using Kriging interpolation (optimal prediction) method

$U_i = U(x_i, y_i)$ – value of separation in the point (x_i, y_i)
 Is calculated as weighted linear combination of neighboring values of U_i

$$U_0 = \sum_{i=1}^n W_i * U_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n W_i = 1$$

The error is:

$$r_0 = U_0 - \sum_{i=1}^n W_i * U_i$$

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Ellipsoidal Heights Network Adjustment

Count of points in the net : 895

Count of vectors : 2343
 r.m.s : 0.023
 Deviation : 0.018



Stations with errors exceeding r.m.s

Count of Fixed points : 101



Error exceeding -
 0.050 m - 21 stations
 (between 0.050 and 0.060 m)
 0.060 m - 13 stations



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Variogram

The ordinary Kriging method implies that, instead of covariance for the weights calculations, variogram is used.

$$g(\Delta x, \Delta y) = \frac{1}{2} e[\{U(x + \Delta x, y + \Delta y) - U(x, y)\}^2]$$

$e[\]$ - statistical expectation operator

$$s_{U_0}^2 = \sum W_i g(U_i, U_0) + m - g(U_0, U_0)$$

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and the error variance is:

$$s_{R_0}^2 = s^2 + \sum \sum W_i W_j \text{cov}(U_i, U_j) - 2 \sum W_i \text{cov}(U_i, U_0) + 2 m \sum W_i - 1)$$

$$s^2 = \text{cov}(U_0, U_0)$$

m is the Lagrange parameter

Weights are defined under the condition of the minimum error variance which leads to the system of equations:

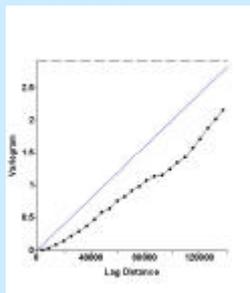
$$\sum W_j \text{cov}(U_i, U_j) + m = \text{cov}(U_i, U_0)$$

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Variogram for resolution 4 x 4 km



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Some technical details

Separations grid was built in 3 steps:

- the first resolution being 4 x 4 km,
- the second 1 x 1 km
- the final 0.5 x 0.5 km.

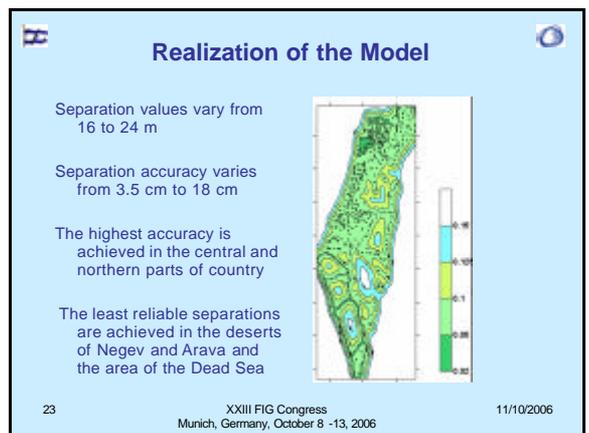
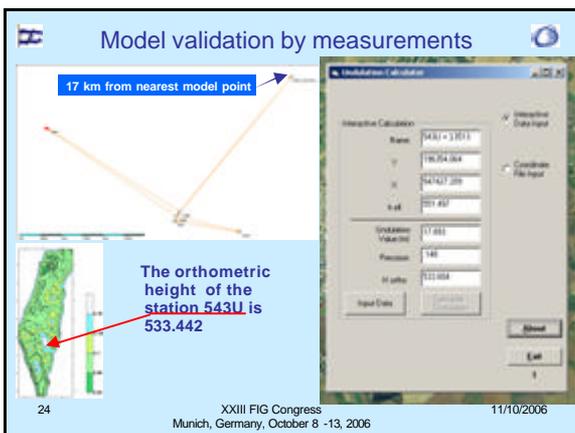
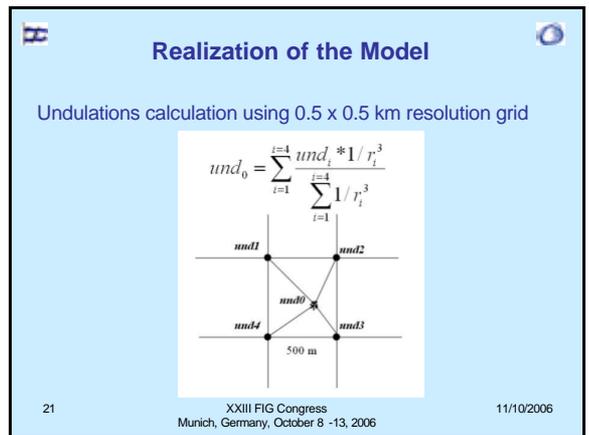
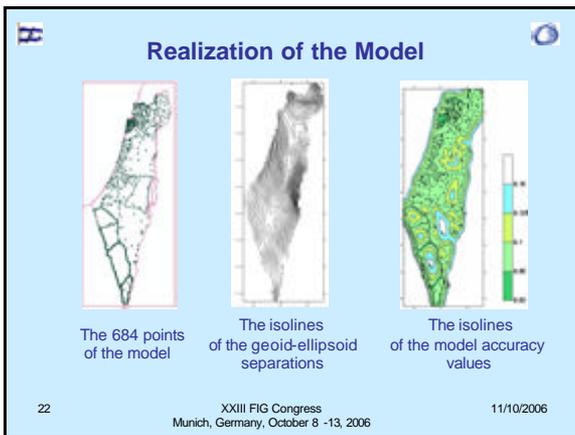
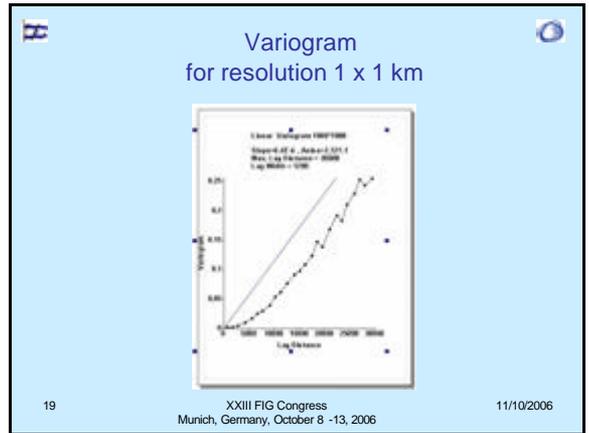
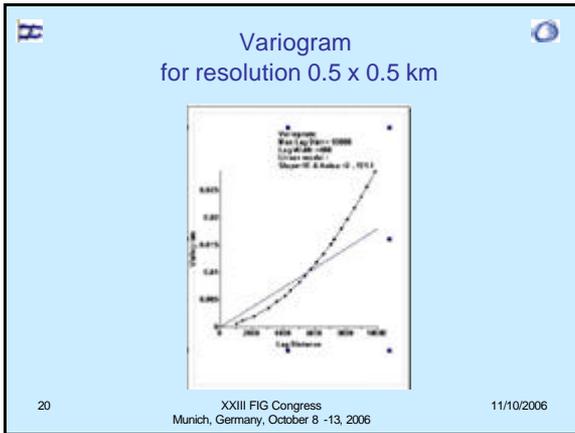
Scattered data interpolation for all the steps was:

search radius (km)	218
number of sectors to search	4
maximum number of data to use from each sector	6
minimum number of data in all sectors	5

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Model validation by measurements



Name	MODEL		H_Datum98	Datum98 - model
	Accuracy	H orthometric		
774U	0.053	7.972	7.991	0.019
BSHM	0.046	204.580	204.614	0.034
794U	0.037	23.855	23.809	-0.046
ARIL	0.042	633.883	633.910	0.027
TELA	0.067	39.711	39.785	0.074
940W	0.066	94.949	95.002	0.053
3357MPI	0.051	-353.581	-353.598	-0.017
6211	0.133	385.847	385.725	-0.122
YR3	0.137	484.327	484.238	-0.089
602U	0.154	363.878	363.847	-0.031
NRIF	0.034	440.054	440.061	0.007

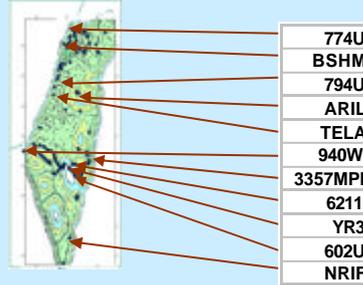
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Model validation by measurements



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Thank you !



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